Incident response in the Selwyn Waihora zone

We research and evaluate all incidents involving contaminants in waterways or unauthorised discharges to land or air to assess the potential environmental effects the reported incident may have.

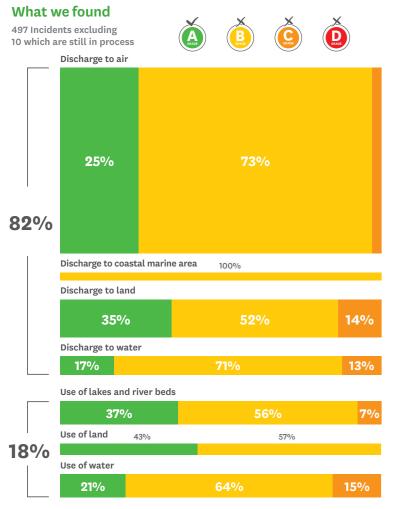
What the grades mean

(Full compliance) Full compliance with all relevant plan

rules, regulations and national environmental standards (Low Risk Non-Compliance) Compliance with most of the relevant plan rules, regulations and national environmental standards. Carries a low risk of adverse environmental effects.

(Moderate non-compliance) Non-compliance with some of the plan rules, relevant regulations and national

environmental standards. Some environmental consequence. (Significant non-compliance) Non-compliance with many of the relevant plan rules, regulations and national environmental standards. Significant environmental consequence.



Due to rounding, percentages will not always add up to 100% exactly.

How we respond to incidents:



Our first response is to work with individuals and businesses to stop environmental damage and achieve the right environmental outcome if there is an issue.

We then investigate to determine what action should be taken, including enforcement.



Formal written warnings are sent out to notify of an offence and they require action to be taken

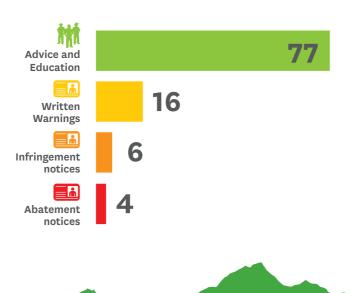


If it is a significant breach we may issue an **infringement notice** which includes payment of a fine.

Abatement notices are a formal written direction, requiring certain actions to be taken or to cease within a specified time.



Anyone can make an application to the Environment Court to issue an enforcement order. The court then identifies the conditions which must be satisfied before issuing the order. Breaching an enforcement order issued by the court is an offence which may lead to prosecution.





ines.Welsch@ecan.govt.nz



Facilitating sustainable development in the Canterbury region www.ecan.govt.nz R19/113



Selwyn Waihora zone

Compliance monitoring and incident response 2018-19 SNAPSHOT REPORT

Hororata dairy farm convicted and fined for illegal discharge of effluent

A Hororata dairy farm has been convicted and fined \$30,000 after illegally discharging effluent onto land.

The charge related to discharging a contaminant onto land in circumstances which may result in that contaminant entering groundwater, which is prohibited under the Resource Management Act.

The court heard in February 2019 that the farm had consent to dispose of effluent to land, but due to a faulty pipe, known about by the farm's owner and manager, an effluent pond on the property overflowed 80m² down a hill before the flow was stopped by an effluent dam.



See inside for our consent compliance results.



See the back for our incident response results.



- While the pond was being monitored daily by the farm manager, the overflow still occurred. A number of improvements had been made at the property since the incident.
- In sentencing the company, Judge Jane Borthwick said the actions taken before the incident were not those of a prudent farmer and were negligent rather than careless.
- Fines in such cases were in a band of \$40,000 to \$80,000.
- From a starting point of \$40,000, she applied a 25% discount for an early guilty plea, but declined to make any discount for good character.

Compliance monitoring

JULY 2018 – JUNE 2019 REPORT

Why this matters

We are working with land managers, individuals and industry to improve compliance to ensure the best long-term environmental results.

Consenting rules

- Resource consents allow people or organisations to do something that may have an effect on the environment, but this comes with conditions to protect the environment.
- It is important consent holders comply with their conditions otherwise they can have a negative impact on the environment.

What the grades mean



(Full compliance) Full compliance with all relevant consent conditions, plan rules, regulations and national environmental standards

(Low Risk Non-Compliance) Compliance with most of the relevant consent conditions, plan rules, regulations and national environmental standards. Carries a low risk of adverse environmental effects.



(Moderate non-compliance) Non-compliance with some of the relevant consent conditions, plan rules, regulations and national environmental standards. Some environmental consequence. Abatement notices are typically issued when the offender doesn't co-operate or if we have reason to believe that the offence could happen again.



(Significant non-compliance) Non-compliance with many of the relevant consent conditions, plan rules, regulations and national environmental standards. Significant environmental consequence.

How we respond to improve compliance grades

If there is an issue, our first response is to work with individuals and businesses to stop any immediate environmental damage.

We then investigate to determine what actions should be taken, including enforcement.



Education can achieve better outcomes and is valued by consent holders who need help. If education does not get the right results, there are a range of compliance actions as set out below:



Formal written warnings notify of an offence and require action to be taken. Infringement notices, which include a fine, are issued for



more significant breaches. **m**

Abatement notices are typically issued when the offender doesn't co-operate or if we have reason to believe that the offence could happen again.

Prosecution is reserved for offences so serious that they warrant proceedings through the courts.

Selwyn Waihora zone compliance results

