CONDITIONS FOR CRC201191

Conditions for Consent Application CRC201191

Activity: Water Permit (s14) to take groundwater for dewatering

Site Location: MORVEN ROAD & ARCHIBALDS ROAD, GLENAVY

Consent Duration: 10 years

1. The activity authorised by this resource consent shall be only the abstraction of groundwater for dewatering purposes during earthworks authorised under resource consent CRC201187.

Advice Note: Dewatering water shall be discharged in accordance with the conditions of resource consent CRC201192.

- 2. The take of groundwater for dewatering purposes shall only occur from excavation areas located within the area shown on Plan CRC201191, attached to and forming part of these conditions.
- 3. Dewatering shall be carried out using sump-pumping or well-pointing as required.
- 4. The dewatering during each stage of the project shall only occur for the time required to carry out the works within the stage.
- 5. The dewatering operation shall not, in combination with other groundwater takes, cause ground subsidence on adjacent properties. If any ground subsidence occurs on an adjacent property:
 - a. the dewatering water take shall cease immediately, and the Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Regional Leader Monitoring and Compliance shall be notified within 24 hours; and
 - b. the dewatering activity may only recommence once:
 - i. the construction methodology has been reconsidered and revised to prevent any further ground subsidence from occurring; and
 - ii. confirmation for the recommencement of the dewatering activity has been received from the Canterbury Regional Council.
- 6. If the consent holder determines that dewatering is necessary, then at least one month prior to commencing site construction, the consent holder shall submit a Dewatering Management Plan (DMP) to the Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Regional Leader Monitoring and Compliance.

The DMP shall contain the following:

- a. the methodology for dewatering, including:
 - i. a map showing the location of any wells, sumps or well pointing equipment; and

- ii. a description of how the pump rate will be monitored; and
- b. a programme of works, including an indicative timeframe.
- c. an assessment establishing compliance with the Schedule 12 of the Land and Water Regional Plan.
- 7. Dewatering shall not commence until:
 - a. the Canterbury Regional Council has certified that the DMP includes the matters described in Condition 6; or
 - b. if the Canterbury Regional Council confirms receipt but then fails to provide any further response to the consent holder within a period of 1 month then the DMP shall be deemed to be certified.
- 8. Any subsequent amendment to the DMP shall require certification from the Canterbury Regional Council in accordance with the procedure outlined in Conditions 6 and 7 (as if the references to the DMP were references to the amendment).
- 9. The dewatering operation shall be limited to that reasonably necessary to lower and sustain the level of groundwater to no more than 0.5 metres below the deepest excavation
- 10. At least five working days prior to the commencement of dewatering, the Consent Holder shall inform the Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Regional Leader Monitoring and Compliance in writing, of the start date of works.
- 11. Prior to the commencement of dewatering operations, sediment and erosion control measures shall be installed, as required by Consent CRC201187.

Complaints register

- 12. The consent holder shall ensure that all personnel undertaking dewatering on site are made aware of and have access to the contents of this consent document and associated plans, including the DMP.
- 13. The consent holder shall maintain a Complaints Register for the purpose of recording and dealing with any complaints that are received by the consent holder in relation to the exercise of this resource consent. The Complaints Register shall record, where this information is available:
 - a. the date, time and duration of the incident that has resulted in a complaint;
 - b. the location of the complainant at the time of the incident; and
 - c. any corrective action undertaken by the consent holder in response to the complaint, including timing of that corrective action.
- 14. The Complaints Register shall be made available to the Canterbury Regional Council at all reasonable times on request. Complaints relating to the conditions of this resource consent shall be forwarded to the appropriate Council within 48 hours of the complaint being received.

Review

15. The Canterbury Regional Council may, once per year, on any of the last five working days of May or November, serve notice of its intention to review the conditions of this consent for the purposes of:

- a. dealing with any adverse effect on the environment that may arise from the exercise of the consent; or
- b. requiring the adoption of the best practicable option to remove or reduce any adverse effect on the environment; or
- c. requiring monitoring in addition to, or instead of, that required by the consent.

Lapsing

16. This consent shall lapse ten years after the commencement date, unless the consent is exercised before that lapsing date in accordance with section 125 of the Resource Management Act 1991.

Advice note:

'Exercised' is defined as implementing any requirements to operate this consent and undertaking the activity as described in these conditions and/or application documents.



Conditions for Consent Application CRC201192

Activity: Discharge Permit (s15) to discharge dewatering water to land or water

Site Location: Morven Road & Archibalds Road, Glenavy

Consent Duration: 10 years

- 1. This consent shall authorise the discharge of groundwater from site dewatering to land parcels shown on Plan CRC201192 (attached to and forming part of these conditions) and/or adjacent irrigation channels in connection with the earthworks authorized under CRC201187.
- Groundwater shall be discharged into settling tanks for removal of sediment prior to discharge.
- 3. If discharge of groundwater occurs to irrigation channels, the consent holder shall ensure:
 - a. that the concentration of total suspended solids in the discharge does not exceed 100g/m3;
 - b. that the rate of flow in the irrigation channel is at least five times the rate of the discharge; and
 - c. that the discharge shall not cause erosion or scouring to the banks or bed.
- 4. If discharge of dewatering water occurs to land, the consent holder shall monitor the discharging quantities to ensure that no ponding of groundwater on the land surface occurs.

Complaints register

- 5. The consent holder shall maintain a Complaints Register for the purpose of recording and dealing with any complaints that are received by the consent holder in relation to the exercise of this resource consent. The Complaints Register shall record, where this information is available:
 - a. the date, time and duration of the incident that has resulted in a complaint;
 - b. the location of the complainant at the time of the incident; and
 - c. any corrective action undertaken by the consent holder in response to the complaint, including timing of that corrective action.

The Complaints Register shall be made available to the Canterbury Regional Council (and the Waimate District Council) at all reasonable times on request. Complaints relating to the conditions of this resource consent shall be forwarded to the appropriate Council within 48 hours of the complaint being received.

Review

6. The Canterbury Regional Council may, once per year, on any of the last five working days of May or November, serve notice of its intention to review the conditions of this consent for the

purposes of:

- dealing with any adverse effect on the environment that may arise from the exercise of the consent; or
- b. requiring the adoption of the best practicable option to remove or reduce any adverse effect on the environment; or
- c. requiring monitoring in addition to, or instead of, that required by the consent.

Lapse date

7. This consent shall lapse ten years after the commencement date, unless the consent is exercised before that lapsing date in accordance with section 125 of the Resource Management Act 1991.

Advice note:

'Exercised' is defined as implementing any requirements to operate this consent and undertaking the activity as described in these conditions and/or application documents.



Resource Consent Number: CRC201194

Activity: Discharge Permit (s15) to discharge treated wastewater into CMA

Consent Duration: 35 years

General

 The activity shall be limited to the discharge of milk processing waters, including milk processing plant condensate water, tanker clean in place washwater, tanker hoop washwater and factory washwater including diluted cleaning chemicals into the Coastal Marine Area.

Advice notice: for the purpose of this consent, the above types of wastewater discharge shall be referred to collectively as "the wastewater".

- 2. The wastewater shall be discharged into the Coastal Marine Area via an outfall pipeline and three ocean outfall diffusers attached to the seabed. The three diffusers shall be located in the area shown on Plan CRC201194, which forms part of this consent. The landward end of the diffusers shall be located not less than 300 metres from the shoreline at mean sea level as shown on Plan CRC201194.
- 3. Wastewater shall be discharged to the Coastal Marine Area (as set out in conditions 1 and 2 above) provided that it first complies with the following:
 - preference shall be given to discharge of wastewater to land approved under any relevant resource consents held by the consent holder that have been given effect to; and
 - b. wastewater shall be discharged to the Coastal Marine Area when discharge to land is not practicable under Condition 3(a);

Advice note:

When determining whether the discharge of wastewater under those consents to land is "Not Practicable", the term "Not Practicable" shall mean and include consideration of the following:

- Are the soils approaching soil saturation;
- Is the soils temperature such that it will result in reduced uptake of Nitrogen from pasture/crops;
- Consideration of forecast wet weather conditions before during and following possible applications;
- Consideration of actual and forecast compliance with resource consent conditions:
- Consideration of farming operation conditions (e.g. cultivation, harvesting);
- Allowing for the undertaking of maintenance of irrigation systems; and
- Consideration of volumes of wastewater and production levels from the dairy processing facility.
- c. Notwithstanding Condition 3(a), preference shall be given to discharge of wastewater to the Coastal Marine Area during the period of 30 May to 30 September in any year; and
- d. The consent holder shall maintain a written record of detailing the results of the above considerations including the dates and time periods over which condition 3 has been exercised, which record shall be made available to the Canterbury Regional Council on request.

Operation of the wastewater treatment plant and discharge

- 4. The wastewater treatment plant shall comprise at a minimum of:
 - a. dissolved air flotation to remove fat and suspended matter;
 - b. secondary treatment with biological reactor tanks to reduce organic and nutrient constituents; and
 - c. UV treatment for reduction of pathogens.

Water Treatment Plant Management Plan

 No later than two months prior to the commencement of the discharge authorised by this consent, the consent holder shall prepare and submit to the Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: Regional Leader - Monitoring and Compliance, a Wastewater Treatment Plant Management Plan.

The objectives of the Wastewater Treatment Plant Management Plan shall be:

- a. to ensure that the operation of the future Wastewater Treatment Plant upgrade complies with the conditions of this resource consent;
- b. to avoid, where practicable, adverse environmental effects and, where not practicable, ensure appropriate mitigation or appropriate remediation is undertaken;
- c. to provide methods to ensure that persons under its control respect and apply the Wastewater Treatment Plant Management Plan; and
- d. to integrate good environmental practice into the operation of the Wastewater Treatment Plant and associated discharge activities.
- 6. In achieving the objectives described in Condition 5, the Wastewater Treatment Plant Management Plan shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - a. the management and operational procedures required to comply with the conditions of this resource consent that relate to the operation of the Wastewater Treatment Plant:
 - b. the training for staff to operate the Wastewater Treatment Plant;
 - c. the frequency of monitoring observations and methods to be used (which shall be developed in consultation with the Canterbury Regional Council); and
 - d. the identification of staff and contractor responsibilities.
- 7. The wastewater discharge shall not commence until:
 - a. the Canterbury Regional Council has certified that the Wastewater Treatment Plant Management Plan meets the objectives described in Condition 5 and includes the matters described in Condition 6; or
 - b. if the Canterbury Regional Council confirms receipt but then fails to provide any further response to the consent holder within a period of two months then the Wastewater Treatment Plant Management Plan shall be deemed to be certified.
- 8. Any subsequent amendment to the Wastewater Treatment Plant Management Plan shall be certified by the Canterbury Regional Council in accordance with the procedure

- outlined in Conditions 5 to 7 (as if the references to the Wastewater Treatment Plant Management Plan were references to the amendment).
- 9. The consent holder shall advise the Canterbury Regional Council Attention: Regional Leader Monitoring and Compliance, in writing of the date of commencement of the discharge authorised by this consent prior to the first discharge taking place.

Flow Limits and Measurement

- 10. The discharge shall not exceed a maximum volume of 10,000 cubic metres per day and a maximum flow rate of 116 litres per second and the consent holder will keep records to confirm volumes and maximum flow rates.
- 11. A continuous measurement of the flow discharged to the outfall pipeline shall be maintained. Such records shall be retained and made available to the Canterbury Regional Council on request.

Wastewater Monitoring

- 12. The wastewater shall be continuously monitored at the end of the treatment plant prior to discharge to the outfall pipeline.
 - a. Analysis shall be undertaken by either:
 - i. laboratory analysis of a physical sample; or
 - ii. by certified online measurement instruments.
 - b. Results of the analysis shall report the Parameter in the Units, at a weekly frequency and for a 24 hour composite sample as listed below:
 - i. chemical oxygen demand (COD) in grams per cubic metre;
 - ii. five day biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) in grams per cubic metre;
 - iii. total suspended solids (TSS) in grams per cubic metre;
 - iv. total nitrogen in grams per cubic metre;
 - v. nitrate nitrogen in grams per cubic metre;
 - vi. dissolved inorganic nitrogen in grams per cubic metre;
 - vii. ammonium-nitrogen in grams per cubic metre;
 - viii. pH;
 - ix. total phosphorus in grams per cubic metre;
 - x. dissolved reactive phosphorus in grams per cubic metre;
 - xi. arsenic in milligrams per cubic metre;
 - xii. cadmium in milligrams per cubic metre;
 - xiii. chromium in milligrams per cubic metre;
 - xiv. copper in milligrams per cubic metre;
 - xv. lead in milligrams per cubic metre;
 - xvi. nickel in milligrams per cubic metre; and
 - xvii. zinc in milligrams per cubic metre.

13. The results of analysis of the wastewater sampled in accordance with Condition 12 shall be compared with the trigger values provided in the below table.

Parameter	Mean	95 percentile
COD	150 g/m ³	300 g/m ³
BOD	30 g/m3	50 g/m ³
TSS	50 g/m3	70 g/m ³
Total nitrogen	15 g/m3	20 g/m ³
Nitrate nitrogen	10 g/m3	15 g/m ³
Dissolved inorganic nitrogen	12 g/m3	15 g/m ³
Ammonium nitrate	2 g/m3	4 g/m ³
рН	7-9	
Total phosphorus	2 g/m ³	4 g/m ³
Dissolved reactive phosphorus	2 g/m ³	4 g/m ³
Arsenic		50mg/m ³
Cadmium		2 mg/m ³
Chromium		50 mg/m ³
Copper		10 mg/m ³
Lead		5 mg/m ³
Nickel		15 mg/m ³
Zinc		100 mg/m ³

The mean value shall be calculated on a rolling basis from the previous 10 consecutive samples. The 95th percentile value shall be calculated on a rolling basis from the previous 20 consecutive samples.

- 14. If any of the trigger values identified in Condition 13 are exceeded more than three months after the first discharge(the date of which will be recorded by the consent holder) from the Wastewater Treatment Plant, the consent holder shall:
 - a. as soon as possible:
 - i. increase the frequency of wastewater sampling and analysis to one composite sample per day for a period of ten days, for the contaminant for which the exceedance was recorded;
 - ii. advise the Canterbury Regional Council of the trigger value exceedance; and

- iii determine the reason for the exceedance of the trigger value;
- b. prepare a report on the results of the additional sampling and analysis, and any other investigations carried out, and identify all practicable measures to reduce the concentration of the contaminant in the final discharge to prevent a recurrence of the exceedance. This report shall be prepared by a suitably qualified person and shall include a thorough assessment of the cause of the exceedance and the identified measures are appropriate to prevent a recurrence of the exceedance;
- c. submit the report and the certification specified to the Canterbury Regional Council within two months of receiving the results of the analysis required for the completion of the report under Condition 14(b); and
- d. If any trigger values in Condition 13 are exceeded for a period of more than 30 weeks, the discharge via the outfall shall cease and not recommence until daily monitoring shows that trigger levels are not exceeded for a period of at least ten days.
- 15. The measures identified in the report required under Condition 14(b) shall be implemented as soon as practicable and confirmation of that implementation shall be provided to the Canterbury Regional Council, Attention: RMA Compliance and Monitoring Manager as soon as practicable after completion of the measures.

Monitoring for indicator bacteria and pathogens

16. The wastewater shall be sampled prior to the discharge to the outfall pipeline for the parameters and frequencies identified in this condition and these samples shall be analysed for the biological contaminants listed below, with median values shown as trigger levels:

Parameter	Frequency	Interim median trigger value
Enterococci	Fortnightly for 24 months	100 cfu/100ml
Faecal coliforms	Fortnightly for 24 months	100 cfu/100ml
Escherichia coli	Fortnightly for 24 months	100 cfu/100ml
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	Fortnightly for 24 months	100 cfu/100ml
Staphylococcus aureus	Fortnightly for 24 months	
Listeria spp.	Fortnightly for 24 months	

The median value shall be calculated on a rolling basis from the previous 10 consecutive samples.

17. At the end of the two -year initial monitoring period required by Condition 16, the consent holder shall engage a suitably qualified person approved by the Canterbury Regional Council with experience in the operation of Wastewater Treatment Plants to advise on:

- a. the relationship between indicator bacteria and pathogens (from the data collected); and
- b. the need for ongoing future monitoring of pathogens and/or indicator bacteria and the duration of that monitoring; and
- c. the triggers that should apply; and
- d. when further reviews of the monitoring and limits should take place.

This shall be presented in a report (Future Monitoring Report) and be submitted to the Canterbury Regional Council within 2 months after the expiry of the 24 month period.

- 18. If, during the two-year initial monitoring period required by Condition 16, sampling demonstrates that the wastewater has exceeded the trigger(s) specified, the consent holder shall engage a qualified person approved by the Canterbury Regional Council to prepare a report advising on the possible causes of the exceedance(s), system changes and management techniques to avoid future exceedances (the Exceedance Report):
 - a. the qualified person shall prepare and submit to the Canterbury Regional Council an Exceedance Report within one month of the exceedance; and
 - b. the consent holder shall implement any changes recommended in the report.

19. In the event that:

- a. the Canterbury Regional Council certifies (and accepts the recommendations (if any) set out in the Future Monitoring Report, the consent holder shall implement the recommendations for ongoing monitoring, limits and monitoring reviews at the time certification is provided; or
- b. if the Canterbury Regional Council confirms receipt but then fails to provide any further response to the consent holder within a period of two months, then the consent holder shall implement the recommendations for ongoing monitoring, limits and future reviews.
- 20. In the event that there are no exceedances of the trigger values during the two year initial monitoring period required by Condition 16, then the consent holder may propose a specific UV dose, based on UV and bacterial monitoring records, for approval by the Canterbury Regional Council. . From the date of any approval of a specific UV dose, the consent holder must ensure that transmissivity and flow of the wastewater through the UV system is measured daily (as a minimum), recorded, and logged to enable the UV dose to be calculated and reported, to the satisfaction of the Council.
 - Dose records shall be presented in a report (Five Year Anniversary Report) and shall be submitted to the Canterbury Regional Council within 2 months after the expiry of each five year period.
- 21. If a Five Year Anniversary Report shows exceedances of the trigger values for pathogens and faecal indicator bacteria identified in Condition 16, the consent holder shall engage a qualified person approved by the Canterbury Regional Council to prepare a Future Monitoring Report. The Future Monitoring Report shall be prepared in accordance with Condition 17.

Benthic Monitoring

22. a. Biota

At least two months prior to the first use of the outfall, and thereafter at five yearly intervals, between the months of December and March inclusive, the consent holder shall

undertake a benthic monitoring survey to determine the infauna/epifauna species composition and abundance, at three sites just outside the 50m mixing zone to the north, south and east, and at three control sites, 1,000 metres to the north and south of the outfall and 600 metres to the east of the outfall.

The number of replicates collected per site is to be determined by technical experts in consultation with Canterbury Regional Council, Regional Leader- Monitoring and Compliance prior to collection of the baseline data.

b. Sediment

At least two months prior to the commissioning of the outfall, and thereafter at five yearly intervals, the applicant shall sample seabed sediment, at the same locations as benthic biota monitoring is carried out as per Condition 22(a), for the following parameters:

- i. arsenic;
- ii. cadmium:
- iii. chromium;
- iv. copper;
- v. lead;
- vi. nickel;
- vii. total organic carbon;
- viii. organic matter content;
- ix. total nitrogen;
- x. total reactive phosphorus; and
- xi. grain size distribution (wet sieving, 7 size fractions).

At each site, three replicate sediment samples shall be collected and analysed by an IANZ accredited laboratory.

23. Analysis and reporting of data

- a. The sediment monitoring data shall be collated into a report and provided to the Canterbury Regional Council within three months of monitoring occurring.
- b. Analysis shall be completed by an appropriately qualified person or persons.
- c. The biota data are to be assessed using biological indices and assessed at the community level. The influence of the measured sediment parameters on the biological community shall be evaluated.
- d. The consent holder shall evaluate the benthic biota data and the sediment data to determine if there is a significant difference between the sites just outside the mixing zone and the control sites that cannot be accounted for by natural variation. Results and discussion shall be reported to the Canterbury Regional Council.
- e The sediment and biota monitoring programme shall be reviewed after two rounds of monitoring. This review shall be used to determine the frequency of future monitoring.

Receiving environment water quality monitoring

24. The consent holder shall carry out monthly sea surface sampling at three edges of

mixing zone sites and two control sites. The edge of mixing zone sites shall be at the northern, southern and eastern edge of the 50 metre mixing zone. The control sites shall be 1, 000 metres north and south of the north and south edge of the mixing zone sites. Each sample is to be analysed for the parameters listed below. The results are to be assessed against the relevant guideline values provided in the table below:

Parameter	Guideline value
Water temperature	shall not exceed 25°C and no value > 3°C different to natural conditions
рН	No value > 0.2 units compared to natural conditions
Dissolved oxygen	% saturation value must be >80%
	Guideline value (mg/L) (Annual median)
Ammoniacal nitrogen	0.016
Nitrate + nitrite nitrogen	0.07
Dissolved inorganic nitrogen	0.083
Total nitrogen	0.25
Dissolved reactive phosphoru	s 0.0091
Total phosphorus	0.032
Total suspended solids	35
	Guideline value (mg/L) (Maximum)
Dissolved cadmium	0.0007
Dissolved chromium	0.00014
Dissolved copper	0.0003
Dissolved lead	0.0022
Dissolved nickel	0.007
Dissolved zinc	0.007

25. At the completion of the first year of discharge the monitoring data collected to address Condition 24 shall be submitted to council and reviewed. If concentrations at the mixing zone sites are within the guideline values, or for parameters with maximum value guidelines, are not statistically significantly different from results at the control sites, then sampling frequency shall decrease to monthly for one year once every fifth year or when further reviews of the monitoring and limits should take place.

This shall be presented in a report (Future Monitoring Report) and be submitted to the Canterbury Regional Council within 2 months after the expiry of the 12 month period.

Sampling and analysis

- 26. All sampling required under this consent shall be undertaken by a suitably qualified person who has completed appropriate training.
- 27. Any testing and analysis of samples (water and sediment) required by virtue of the monitoring requirements of this resource consent shall be carried out by a suitably accredited organisation and laboratory for the tests and analyses involved.
- 28. Notwithstanding any other conditions in this resource consent, the discharge authorised shall not give rise to any of the following effects beyond the mixing zone:
 - a. the production of conspicuous oil or grease films, scums or foams or floatable suspended materials;
 - b. any conspicuous change in the colour or visual clarity;
 - c. any emission of objectionable odour; and
 - d. any significant adverse effects on aquatic life.

Annual Environmental Report

- 29. The consent holder shall provide an annual report to the Canterbury Regional Council by 30 September each year. The report shall include, but not be limited to:
 - a. a summary and interpretation of the data collected under the conditions of this resource consent and comparison against trigger levels;
 - b. a comparison of the results against results from previous sampling periods;
 - c. an explanation of any operational difficulties, changes or improvements made to the processes that could result in changes in environmental effects;
 - d. if applicable, an outline of any measures undertaken to mitigate any adverse environmental effects to prevent a recurrence and comment on the effectiveness of these measures; and
 - e. a discussion of any practical measures implemented to address standards or trigger value exceedances during the period.

Complaints Register

- 30. The consent holder shall maintain a Complaints Register for the purpose of recording and dealing with any complaints that are received by the consent holder in relation to the exercise of this resource consent. The Complaints Register shall record, where this information is available:
 - a. the date, time and duration of the incident that has resulted in a complaint;
 - b. the location of the complainant at the time of the incident; and

- c. any corrective action undertaken by the consent holder in response to the complaint, including timing of that corrective action
- 31. The Complaints Register shall be made available to the Canterbury Regional Council (with a copy being provided to the Waimate District Council) at all reasonable times on request. Complaints relating to the conditions of this resource consent shall be forwarded to the appropriate Council within 48 hours of the complaint being received.

Community Liaison Group

- 32. At least three months prior to commencing construction works, the consent holder shall place a public advertisement in the relevant local Waimate Community Newspaper inviting local residents and interested people(as set out below) to attend a meeting to establish a Community Liaison Group (CLG):
 - a. the invitation to attend and establish a Community Liaison Group shall be extended to the membership of the CLG shall compromise the following:
 - i. two representatives on behalf of all property owners with boundaries adjoining, or but for the presence of roads and railway lines, immediately next to the site;
 - ii. one representative each on behalf of the Waimate District Council and Canterbury Regional Council;
 - iii. Te Rūnanga o Waihao and Te Rūnanga o Arowhenua.
 - b. The CLG shall be chaired by a representative of the consent holder; and
 - c. the consent holder shall ensure that members of the Community Liaison Group are provided with the opportunity and facilities to meet at least twice per year throughout the duration of this consent.
- 33. The main purposes of the Community Liaison Group shall be to discuss with the consent holder:
 - a. construction management issues;
 - b. the results of all monitoring and reporting required under the resource consents relating to the ocean outfall consent; and
 - c. any community concerns regarding the effects of the construction and operation of the ocean outfall.
- 34. Following establishment, the consent holder shall facilitate the continuation of the Community Liaison Group for the term of the consent.

Review

- 35. The Canterbury Regional Council may, once per year, on any of the last five working days of May or November, serve notice of its intention to review the conditions of this consent for the purposes of:
 - a. dealing with any adverse effect on the environment that may arise from the exercise of the consent; or

- b. requiring the adoption of the best practicable option to remove or reduce any adverse effect on the environment; or
- c. requiring monitoring in addition to, or instead of, that required by the consent.

Lapsing

36. This consent shall lapse ten years after the commencement date, unless the consent is exercised before that lapsing date in accordance with section 125 of the Resource Management Act 1991

Advice note:

'Exercised' is defined as implementing any requirements to operate this consent and undertaking the activity as described in these conditions and/or application documents.

