

Measure, Monitor, Manage and Mitigate – PNZ research projects to minimise potato nitrate emissions

Dr Iain Kirkwood

Potatoes New Zealand Technical Manager

PNZ Strategic Goal

- Zero Net Nutrient & GHG Industry Emissions by 2050
 - The industry has adopted environmental targets that align with domestic and international targets
 - Social and regulatory license to operate
 - The tactics will include a mix of reduction, mitigation and off setting.

Measure

- Develop the tools (methodologies and models) to measure nitrate emissions
- PNZ 79 Nitrate leaching below the potato root zone
- Plant and Food Research ran a series of replicated plot field trials in Lincoln to collect data in order to validate and or improve Overseer model or develop alternatives
- Regional monitoring sites 2 sites in Canterbury Ashburton district
- Measuring representative commercial potato paddocks to test run the model under real life conditions and compare with actual nitrate levels
- On going monitoring of field sites.



PNZ - 79

- Nitrate leaching rates from all the treatments ranged from 0 to 10Kg/ha as measured in the suction cups
- Residual soil mineral N levels post harvest were also low for all the treatments except the 2x GMP rate of nitrate – (400Kg/ha applied)
- These results closely resemble the Overseer predictions from commercial potato crops
- Overseer modelling of the PFR site will be completed shortly.

PNZ-79

PNZ-79 morphed into a much larger 4 year project called SVS (\$M\$5) funded through industry levies as well as MPI



Ministry for Primary Industries Manatū Ahu Matua











Monitor

- SVS project has 4 Workstreams
 - WS1 Replicated plot trails at PFR –
 a continuation of the potato plots
 at Lincoln plus a new series of
 trials in Hawkes Bay incorporating
 a wide range of vegetable crops
 - WS2 9 regional monitoring sites throughout the country cycling through a range of locally grown vegetable crops
 - WS3 Model development –
 initially focusing on Overseer also
 investigating alternate models
 (Quarterly meeting with Overseer
 to share results).

Manage

- WS4 Communications extending project results with growers and the wider industry
 - Firstly provide the industry with the tools to measure and model – nitrate emissions
 - Secondly provide the industry a series of refined series of management practices (GMPs and BMPs) which will further reduce nitrate leaching from vegetable crops.

Mitigate

- Future Project proposed
 - Investigate agronomic practices to further reduce the risk of nitrate leaching
 - Investigate leaching of other nutrients eg: Phosphate
 - Investigate carbon emissions (and sequestration) in the potato industry
 - Develop demonstration farms to show case mitigation strategies on a farm scale.

Potato Rotations

- In Canterbury approximately 60% of potatoes are grown on leased ground
- The average rotation (period between potato crops) is now 5-8 years with commercial crops
- With seed crops growers are ideally seek virgin ground – failing that a minimum of 10 years – a minimum of 5 years is required for certification
- Without this lengthy rotations growers get reduced yield and quality – primarily caused by a build up of soil borne pathogens.